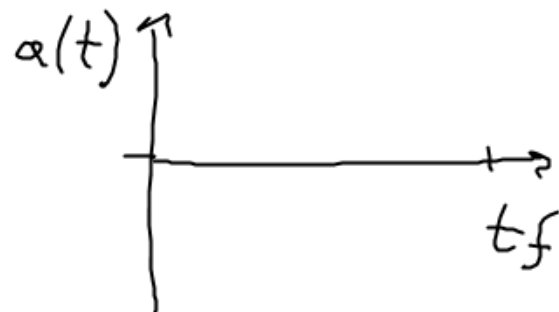
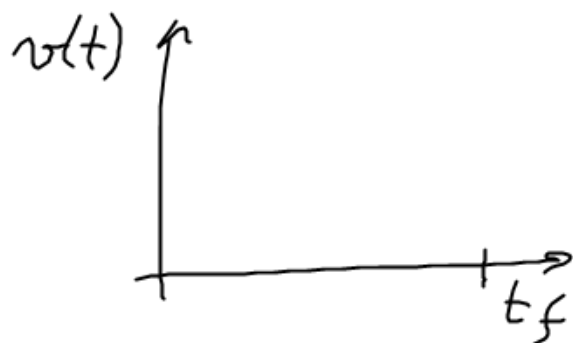


Une fusée atteint 1250 km/h en 1 min.
Calculer la hauteur atteinte et l'accélération

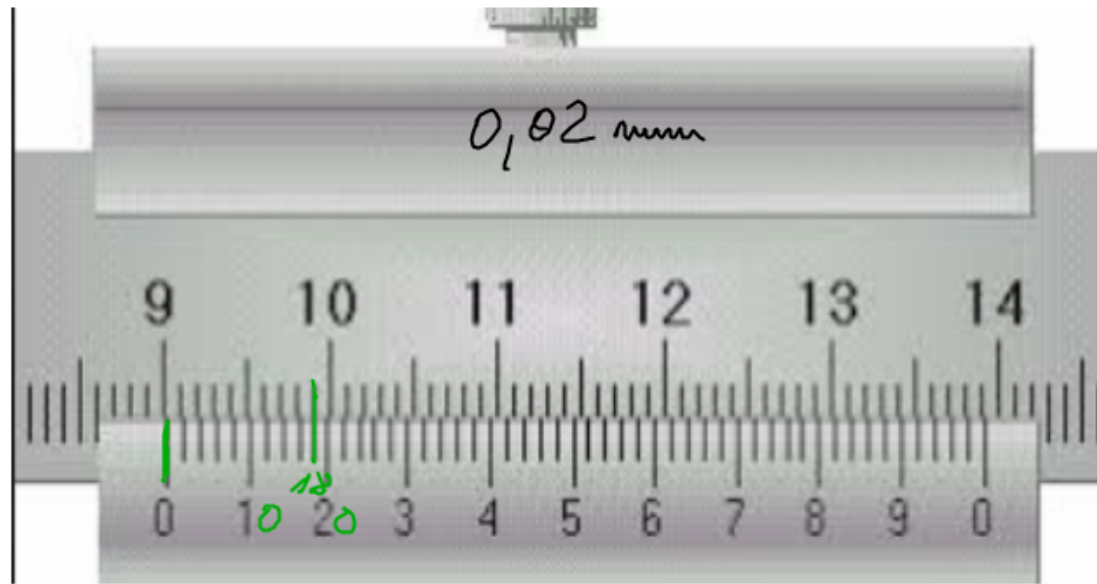
1/5



$$a(t) = a$$

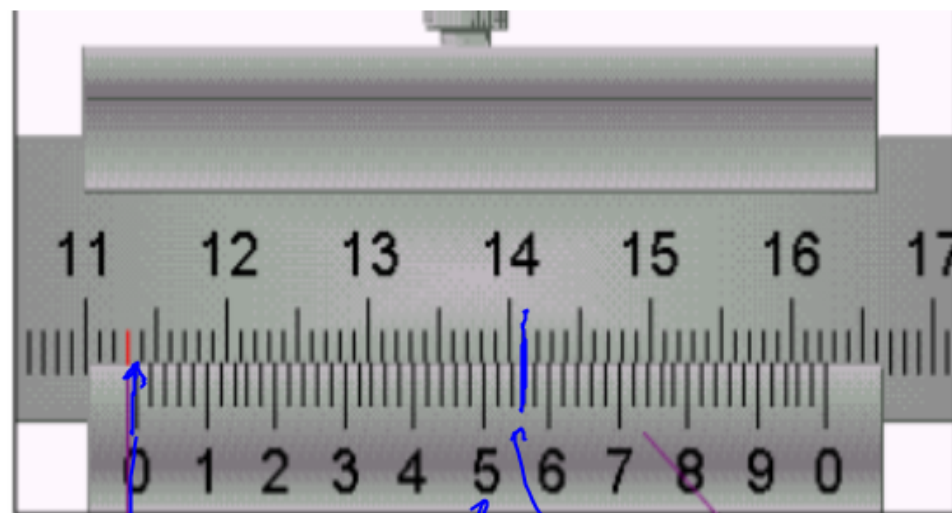
$$v(t) = at + v_0$$

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{2} at^2 + v_0 \cdot t + x_0$$

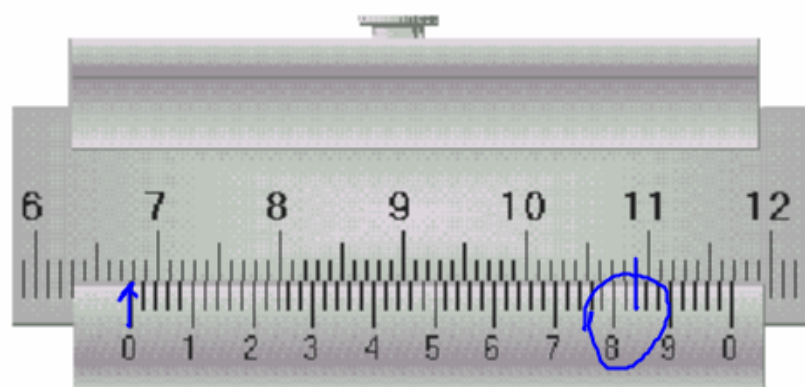


90 mm + 0,18 mm

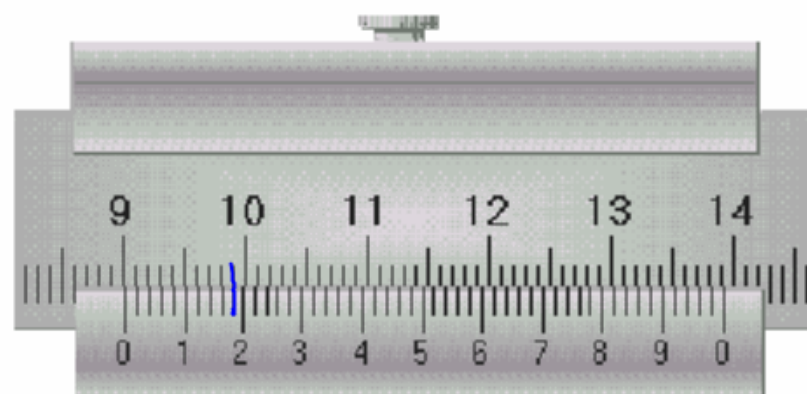
90,18 mm



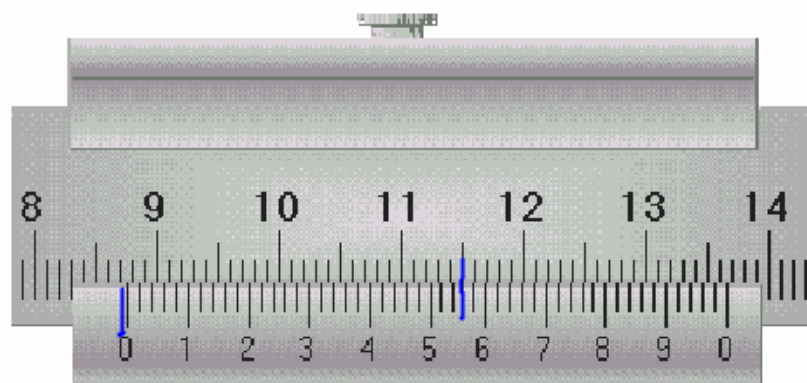
113, 56



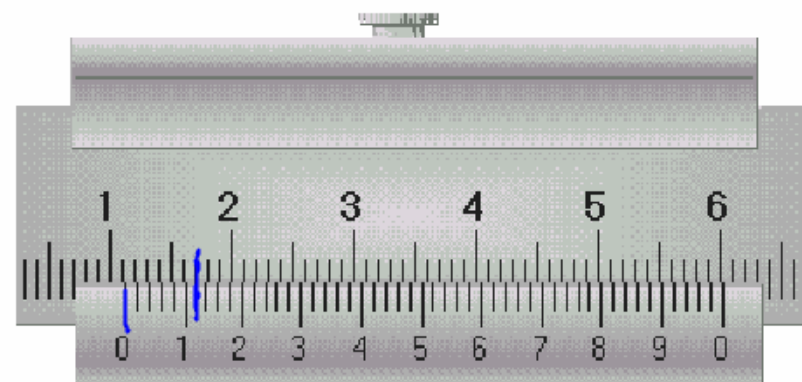
Valeur mesurée : $67,84$ mm



Valeur mesurée : $90,18$ mm



Valeur mesurée :mm
 $87,56$



Valeur mesurée :mm
 $11,12$

